

Subject: History

Year 10

Learning Block 1 & 2

KNOWLEDGE	<p>Weimar and Nazi Germany 1918-39 (period study)</p> <p>Post-war problems including reparations, the occupation of the Ruhr and hyperinflation.</p> <p>Weimar democracy: political change and unrest, 1919–1923 and the Golden Age.</p> <p>The impact of the Depression: growth in support for the Nazis and other extremist parties.</p> <p>The rise and appeal of Hitler and the Nazis.</p> <p>The establishment of Hitler’s dictatorship: the Reichstag Fire; the Enabling Act; elimination of political opposition; trade unions; Rohm and the Night of the Long Knives; Hitler becomes Führer.</p> <p>Other leading Nazi Officials and their roles.</p> <p>Life in Nazi Germany: women, men, foreign policy, the youth and organisations and the church.</p> <p>Opposition to Nazis.</p> <p>The Holocaust and Final Solution.</p>
SKILLS	<p>Change and continuity.</p> <p>Key GCSE source interpretation and analysis skills.</p> <p>Significance.</p> <p>Causes and consequences.</p>
ASSESSMENT	<p>Answers to GCSE style questions throughout the learning block</p> <p>Big test.</p>

Learning Block 3 & 4

KNOWLEDGE	<p>Superpower relations and the Cold War 1941-91</p> <p>The Grand Alliance. The outcomes of the Tehran, Yalta and Potsdam conferences.</p> <p>The attitudes of Stalin, Truman and Churchill.</p> <p>The impact on US-Soviet relations of the development of the atomic bomb.</p> <p>The Truman Doctrine and the Marshall Plan, 1947.</p> <p>The significance of Cominform (1947), Comecon (1949) and the formation of NATO (1949).</p> <p>Berlin: its division into zones.</p> <p>Events in 1956 leading to the Hungarian Uprising, and Khrushchev’s response</p> <p>Soviet relations with Cuba, the Cuban Revolution and the refusal of the USA to recognise Castro’s government. The significance of the Bay of Pigs incident.</p> <p>Opposition in Czechoslovakia to Soviet control</p> <p>The construction of the Berlin Wall, 1961.</p> <p>The events of the Cuban Missile Crisis.</p> <p>The Brezhnev Doctrine and the re-establishment of Soviet control in Czechoslovakia</p> <p>Impact of the construction of the Berlin Wall on US-Soviet relations. Kennedy’s visit to Berlin in 1963.</p> <p>The consequences of the Cuban Missile Crisis.</p> <p>International reaction to Soviet measures in Czechoslovakia.</p> <p>The significance of Reagan and Gorbachev’s changing attitudes.</p> <p>Gorbachev’s ‘new thinking’.</p> <p>The significance of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, the Carter Doctrine and the Olympic boycotts.</p> <p>Reagan and the ‘Second Cold War’, the Strategic Defence Initiative</p> <p>The impact of Gorbachev’s ‘new thinking’ on Eastern Europe: the loosening Soviet grip on Eastern Europe.</p> <p>The significance of the fall of the Berlin Wall.</p> <p>The collapse of the Soviet Union and its significance in bringing about the end of the Warsaw Pact.</p>
SKILLS	<p>Detailed Source analysis.</p> <p>Change and continuity.</p> <p>Causes and consequences.</p> <p>Significance.</p>
ASSESSMENT	<p>Different GCSE style questions throughout the learning blocks.</p> <p>Big test.</p>